

Anderson City

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Anderson County

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POPE PIUS IS DEAD

AFTER LONG ILLNESS

(Continued From First Page.)

to hear of his passing. During the summer there had been numerous denials from the Vatican that his indisposition was serious. As late as August 10, last, upon the occasion of the 11th anniversary of his coronation, Pope Pius granted numerous audiences.

Two days later it became known he had cancelled virtually all engagements. His attendants reported he was unable to work and that he sat listless and silent for hours, evidently brooding over the great clash of arms in Europe.

His physician, Dr. Marchisavi, ordered His Holiness to bed on August 16, when it was announced that the war and the intense heat in Rome had combined to depress him. In bed he continued to dream of the conflict by night and to discuss it by day.

"I shall not cease to implore God to put a stop to this inhuman butchery," he declared. His physicians had to deal with his mental condition as well as his physical sufferings. Arrangements were made by which Cardinal Merry del Val would render His Holiness a daily report of the war situation. The Pope desired to see some way in which he might exert his influence to check the bloodshed and his was the more affected because any action seemed useless.

At the commencement of the European crisis, he had addressed an exhortation to all the Catholics of the world, asking them to lift their souls toward Christ, who alone was able to aid, and called on the clergy to offer public prayer.

The break between Austria and Serbia from the first became a source of great grief to him, for the Vatican was most friendly towards both nations. He was inexpressibly shocked he said, at the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, the heir of the Austrian throne, who like all the Hapsburgs was an ardent Catholic, and was sympathetic towards little Serbia with whom the Vatican had recently had concluded a friendly concordat.

The Pope's views of peace embodied in an allocution delivered at the Consistory at which he created thirteen new cardinals last May, constituted such a reasonable peace document that the Carnegie peace union, founded in February by Andrew Carnegie, with an endowment of \$2,000,000, decided to begin among the clergy of the Roman Catholic church its educational activities in behalf of disarmament and arbitration by sending to each of the 23,000 priests of the United States and Canada a copy of this allocution.

DISULTORY FIGHTING;

NO BIG BATTLE AS YET

(Continued from Page One.)

have retaken the village of Ville. Our troops have occupied Chateau Salins and Dieuze, but face well fortified and strongly held positions.

"Our cavalry has had a successful encounter with the Germans at Flouville, Belgium. Large German forces, it is announced, are crossing the Meuse between Liege and Namur.

"One of the French brigadiers has asked the commander-in-chief to make public the following fact: "A French hussar made prisoner was dragged by German soldiers into an Alsatian village and his throat was cut before the villagers, who testify to the deed."

Rome, August 19, via Paris.—Notwithstanding the German official denial, Italian emigrants returning they were deliberately fired upon by German soldiers at Magedburg.

They declared that about 6,000 Italians were taken on cattle trucks to Cologne, being thirty-eight hours without food. When they appealed for provisions at inns near the station they said they were refused, the reply being that Italy having declared her neutrality they could die of hunger.

Surrounded by soldiers with fixed bayonets the Italians were taken into the country and kept for two days and two nights without shelter in the rain. Afterwards they were transported by train to Magedburg where they were quartered in the stables of the fortress. Potatoes and flour were served to them once a day.

After being held three days, the Italians were notified they might leave for Italy, filled with joy at the announcement, some of them cried, "Viva Italy" which irritated the soldiers who, it is said, fired into the unarmed crowd, killing one and wounding fifty.

JENNINGS GOT "COME BACK"

SAYS MAYOR OF GEORGETOWN IS GOVERNOR'S YANKEE FRIEND

CORPORATION MAN

Meeting at Manning Was Orderly But Was Marked By Some New Features

Manning, Aug. 19.—Approximately 1,500 voters attended the senate campaign meeting here today. There was a striking contrast between the hustings of today and that of two years ago.

While little disorder marked the proceedings today, any preconceived plan to duplicate the performance at Georgetown last Monday, when L. D. Jennings was not allowed to speak, was forestalled by the positive declaration of S. Oliver Bryan, county chairman, in his introductory remark, "It is our purpose to maintain order today and we are not bluffing either."

The distinct feature of the meeting was the bitter denunciation of the governor's basted political machine by L. D. Jennings. He also excoriated the mayor of Georgetown and the chief of police, who sat on the stage at the Georgetown meeting and smiled complacently while this candidate was being howled down. "It was the machine in operation," Mr. Jennings explained. "That was responsible for the procedure."

Blease's Yankee Friend "W. H. Andrews, mayor of Georgetown, is a western 'yankee' and is the general manager of the Atlantic Coast Lumber Co." This furnished the cue for the attack. It was shown by Mr. Jennings that it was the governor into whose hands the corporations were playing—and it was also pointed out that it was this corporation that "has robbed more people than any other in South Carolina."

Mr. Jennings charged that the operatives in the plant of this company are voted at the polls just as you would drive a herd of sheep to the pasture.

"My Dear Appell" W. P. Pollock added another phase of interest when he replied to the editorial attacks of Louis Appell of the Manning Times.

In his defense of the foreign, un-naturalized element in Charleston from the daily attacks of W. P. Pollock, Mr. Appell had said that it was "baseless ingratitude" on the part of Mr. Pollock toward Vincent Chico, and suggested that possibly Mr. Pollock is a foreigner, and cannot present a clean sheet.

In this same editorial the acknowledgment was made that Chicago had no regard for the laws of South Carolina. "If my dear Mr. Appell does not know that I am a South Carolina citizen and an American citizen to the manner born, it is his own ignorance and not my fault," Mr. Pollock concluded.

According to this candidate's estimate, South Carolina lost \$300,000 in work on the public roads by the injudicious power of pardon.

Senator Smith answered the twitting remark that if he had raised the price of cotton, it was strange that it was allowed to go down right here at election time, by saying the markets were dead. He emphasized this by the use of a homely illustration.

The markets are closed. No cotton is changing hands. But as soon as the markets open again, he promised to be right there to inject another "dose of 15c cotton." The speaker concluded by reading a letter from Harvey Jordan, president of the Southern Cotton Association, commending the senator for his untiring efforts in the interests of farmers and trusting that Mr. Smith might be allowed to continue to represent the farmers in congress.

Approximately one third of the audience followed the governor away splitting their throats with shouting. The campaign will be brought to a close at Sumter Thursday.

SERVICE WILL GO IN EFFECT

MUCH NEEDED MERCHANT MARINE SERVICE IS ASSURED

PLANS COMPLETED

Government Money Will Build Ships For Transportation of American Products

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, August 19.—The administration today mapped out comprehensive plans for building up the American merchant marine with government money for the immediate transportation of products of the United States to warring nations and to South and Central American ports.

President Wilson in consultation with democratic congressional leaders, approved a project contemplating the expenditure of approximately \$25,000,000 to purchase ocean going vessels to be operated under the direction of a government shipping board.

Government insurance of American ships against war risks would be provided for in a bill submitted to congress today after it had been approved by the president. It would create a temporary bureau of war risk insurance in the treasury department and would appropriate \$5,000,000 for payment of losses and \$100,000 to operate the bureau.

Plans agreed on for the purchase by the government of ships include the creating of a shipping board to compromise the president, the secretary of the treasury, the secretary of commerce and the postmaster general. It is proposed to use the ships principally in foreign trade and the administration hopes that great impetus will be given to trade between South and Central America.

The present plan is to obtain money to carry out the project by the sale of Panama canal bonds. It was decided it might take some time for sufficient ships to take advantage of the recently signed amendment to the Panama canal act, allowing foreign built ships to register under the American flag, and the necessity for moving the crops of the United States, is so pressing that extraordinary steps were decided on.

It is planned to organize a company similar to the Panama Railway company, controlled by the government, for the actual operation of the ships after they have been purchased. The president conferred with Secretary McAdoo, Senators Clark and Simmons, and Representatives Underwood and Alexander on the entire shipping question. The war risk insurance bill was approved at the meeting. The president was told that it would be almost impossible to move exports unless the government stepped in and he finally consented to the scheme.

No offers to sell ships to the government have been received but it was the general understanding that owners of many vessels now tied up in American ports will be glad to dispose of them.

Immediately after the conference today, work was begun on the proposed legislation and senate and house leaders plan to bring about the completion of the movement as quickly as possible. This already is pending before the house naval affairs committee a bill to appropriate \$25,000,000 for the purchase or construction of a fleet of twenty vessels. Another bill of this character is pending in the senate naval affairs committee.

Before the house naval affairs committee today Rear Admiral R. M. Watt, chief of the bureau of construction of the navy department discussed the type and size of vessel which would be useful as trading ships, and at the same time would be available as auxiliaries to the navy. He said the ships should be from ten thousand to 20,000 tons for use in emergencies, twelve thousand tons displacement.

Secretary McAdoo tonight made public figures of grain, in part along the East and the Atlantic seaboard, showing that nearly fifty million bushels of other grain in terminal elevators of grain and that few ships are available. In New Orleans he said there are 18,000,000 bushels; in Galveston 25,625,000; in Baltimore 3,800,000; in New York 929,000 and in Boston 641,000.

Railroads have refused to accept further grain shipments to New Orleans and Galveston, and while at New Orleans six ships are loading grain, virtually none of the grain at Galveston is being touched. Even if all these millions of bushels of grain are disposed of the secretary thinks the situation will become acute again when the cotton crop is offered for shipment.

F. A. S. Franklin, director of the International Mercantile Marine came to Washington today to consult with the president and other government officials.

Political Announcements

FOR COUNTY SUPERVISOR I hereby announce myself a candidate for county supervisor, subject to the Democratic primary. J. MACK KING.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of county supervisor of Anderson county, subject to the rules governing the democratic primary. T. M. VANDIVER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for supervisor of Anderson county, subject to the rules of democratic primary. C. F. MARTIN.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for county supervisor, subject to the rules of the democratic primary. W. J. JOHNSON, Pelzer, S. C., R. F. D. 1.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Supervisor of Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. THOS. B. KAY.

REPRESENTATIVE I hereby announce myself as a candidate for House of Representatives from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the democratic party. OSCAR D. GRAY.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the House of Representatives from Anderson county subject to the rules of the democratic primary. RUFUS FANT, JR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the legislature subject to the rules and regulations of the democratic party. GEO. M. REID.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the House of Representative from Anderson county subject to the rules of the democratic primary. WALTER F. WHITE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the house of representatives from Anderson county subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. W. I. (Bill) MAHAFFEY.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the House of Representatives from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. ASA HALL, JR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Representative from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. J. T. WEST, Belton, S. C.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Representative from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. T. P. DICKSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for House of representatives from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. SAM WOLFE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for House of representatives from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. J. BELTON WATSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for legislature, subject to the rules of the Democratic party. S. A. BURNS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for House of representatives from Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. L. T. CAMPBELL.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for representative from Anderson county subject to the rules of the democratic primary. J. H. HUTCHISON.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the legislature subject to the rules of the democratic party. T. F. NELSON.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE W. P. Nicholson is hereby announced as a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, subject to the rules of the democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of probate judge of Anderson county, subject to the rules and to the result of the Democratic primary. VICTOR B. CHESHIRE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Probate Judge of Anderson County subject to the rules of the democratic primary. W. F. COX.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Probate Judge for Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic Primary. I. T. HOLLAND.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Probate Judge for Anderson county, subject to the rules of the Democratic Primary. W. N. FRIERSON.

FOR CONGRESS I hereby announce myself a candidate for Congress from the Third Congressional District, subject to the rules of the democratic party. JOHN A. HORTON, Belton, S. C.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for congress from the Third Congressional district, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. WYATT AIKEN.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education, subject to the Democratic primary. J. R. FULTON.

THE FARMERS' UNION

President Dabbs Calls the Farmers To Rally In Present Crisis

To the members of the Farmers' Union in South Carolina: Your committee on banking and currency and cotton warehousing and marketing was represented in Washington by the president and R. M. Cooper of the executive committee. We attended the hearings before Mr. A. F. Love's committee of the Cotton Congress on the cotton grading bill that is pending, attended the sessions of the Cotton Congress, went with a committee of bankers to see Secretary McAdoo, protested against his discrimination against the small banks in depositing treasury funds for crop moving purposes and held conferences with senators, representatives and the leading members of the Farmers' Union from nearly every Southern State.

We believe that many amendments will be made to the laws on banking and currency that will be of much benefit to the people who need to borrow money to hold crops, and that new legislation will soon be enacted to make farm products available as securities on terms more near meeting our needs and that will make such securities as liquid as the best commercial paper and many times safer to the money lender.

These improved conditions are very largely due to the sane presentation of the facts by the Farmers' Union delegates. We call upon the members all over the state to attend their local and county union meetings, to attend all the meetings called under the auspices of the Cotton Congress and to inform themselves so as to help shape the policies of those meetings and secure the full benefit of the best plan that is adopted.

There never was a better time to enlist the farmers all over the state and get them to join the Farmers' Union. This quick campaign that has already done so much to restore confidence was the direct result of the action of the State Farmers' Union at Anderson when it appointed this committee with full power to act. It was because of the call of this committee that Col. E. J. Watson called the Southern cotton congress together. Let every local member of the Union keep these facts in mind and rally every farmer to the support of the Union and of the plans we adopt.

E. W. DABBS, President and Ch' of Committee. Mayesville, S. C., Aug. 19, 1914.

VILLA NOT SATISFIED

Sends Warning and Command to Carranza Conveying Threat

(By Associated Press.)

Nogales, Arizona, Aug. 19.—Tangible proof of the Carranza-Villa split and the danger of an armed invasion of Sonora State by the Villa forces was received here today.

General Villa, northern divisional commander, telegraphed the Carranza military officials in Sonora that if they contacted José María Maytorena, the elected governor of the state, he would renounce the state with his forces, which have recently been recruited to war against Carranza. Villa's message sent to Col. P. Elias Calles, military commander in North Sonora, said in part: "I, as chief of forces under arms closest to your state, should be obliged to enter your state and arrange matters as they should be, and establish authorities which shall be respected so that peace shall be restored for the good of the nation."

Villa said that he took this stand because Maytorena was the Constitutional governor of the State of Sonora and therefore, the representative of the people.

Sonora state is in the military zone commanded by General Alvaro Obregon who headed the Constitutionalist forces which recently peaceably entered Mexico City.

His servant stands for itself and I will appreciate the votes of the people of this county. WINSTON SMITH.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Auditor of Anderson County subject to the rules of the Democratic party. R. WARE AUSTIN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Auditor, subject to the rule of the Democratic primary. J. R. C. GRIFFIN.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER I hereby announce myself a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the rules of the democratic primary. J. MEHOER KING.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the rules and regulations of the democratic primary. Dr. W. A. Tripp.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Treasurer of Anderson county subject to the rules of the Democratic party. JACOB O. BOLLINGER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary. W. A. ELROD.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Treasurer of Anderson county, subject to the rules of the democratic primary. J. LEROY SMITH.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for county treasurer of Anderson county, subject to the rules of the democratic primary. J. A. COOK.